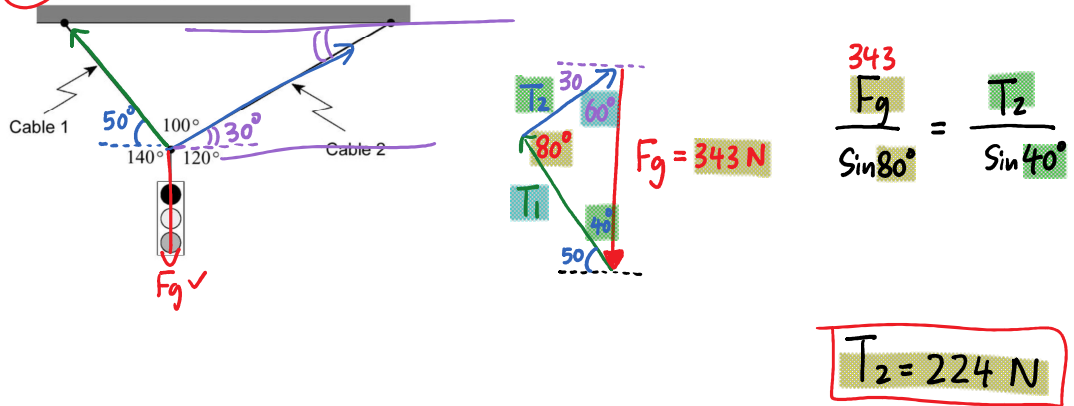
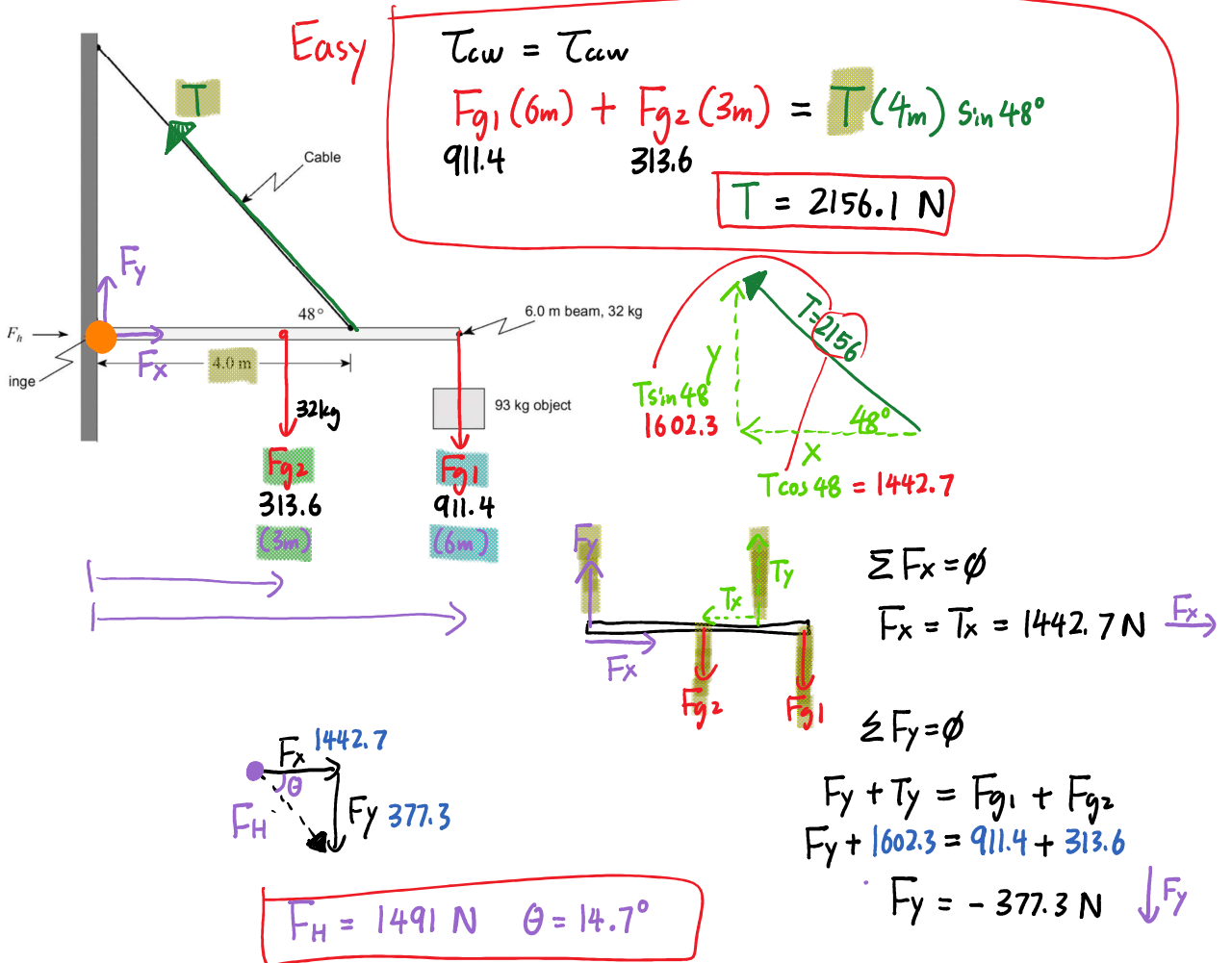


Physics 12 – Equilibrium Test Review

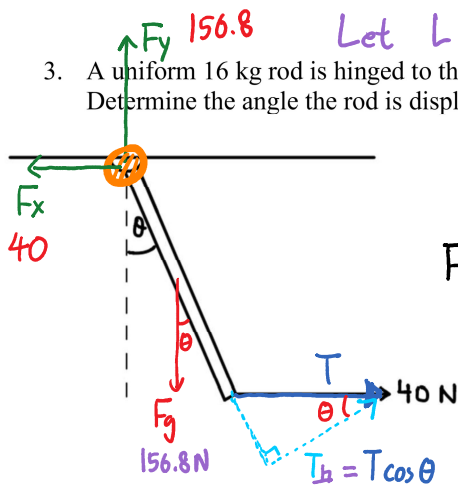
1. A 35 kg traffic light is suspended from two cables as shown in the diagram. What is the tension on Cable 2?



2. A 6.0 m uniform beam of mass 32 kg is suspended horizontally by a hinged end and a cable. A 93 kg object is connected to one end of the beam. What is the total force on the hinge? (magnitude and dir)



3. A uniform 16 kg rod is hinged to the ceiling. A horizontal force of 40 N is exerted at the bottom end of the rod. a) Determine the angle the rod is displaced from the vertical. b) Determine the force the hinge exerts on the rod.



$$\tau_{cw} = \tau_{ccw}$$

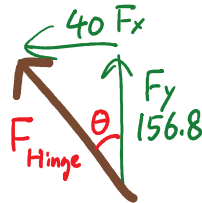
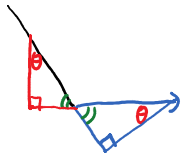
$$F_g(5\text{m})\sin\theta = T_{\perp}(10\text{m})$$

$$156.8(5)\sin\theta = T\cos\theta(10)$$

$$\frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} = \frac{40(10)}{156.8(5)}$$

$$\tan\theta = 0.51$$

$$\theta = 27^\circ$$

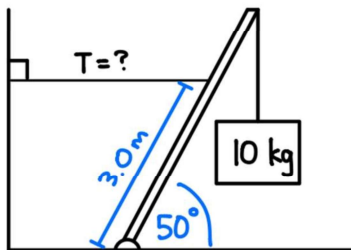


$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$F_{\text{Hinge}} = 161.8\text{ N}$$

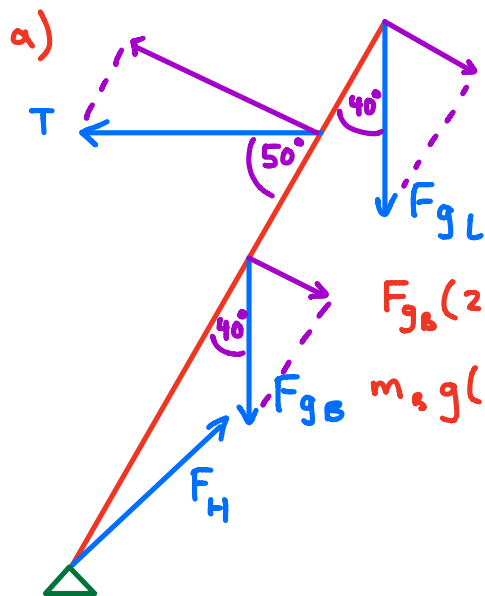
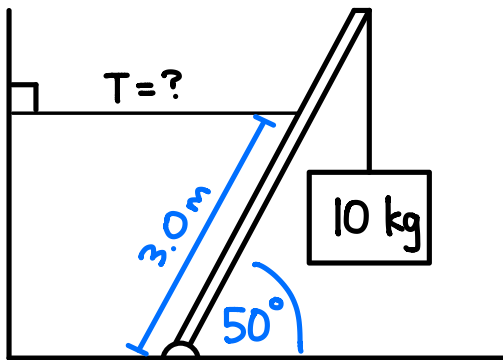
$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{40}{156.8}\right) = 14.3^\circ$$

4. A uniform 5.0 m long beam of mass 50 kg is hinged to the floor. A 10 kg load hangs from the end of the beam. The apparatus is prevented from falling with a cable attached to the wall as shown. a) What is the tension in the cable? b) What are the magnitude and direction of the force of the hinge?



A uniform 5.0 m long beam of mass 50 kg is hinged to the floor. A 10 kg load hangs from the end of the beam. The apparatus is prevented from falling with a cable attached to the wall as shown.

- What is the tension in the cable?
- What are the magnitude and direction of the force of the hinge?



$$\tau_{\text{cw}} = \tau_{\text{ccw}}$$

$$F_{g_B}(2.5) \sin 40^\circ + F_{g_L}(5.0) \sin 40^\circ = T(3.0) \sin 50^\circ$$

$$m_B g(2.5) \sin 40^\circ + m_L g(5.0) \sin 40^\circ = T(3.0) \sin 50^\circ$$

$$T = \frac{m_B g(2.5) \sin 40^\circ + m_L g(5.0) \sin 40^\circ}{3.0 \sin 50^\circ}$$

$$= \boxed{480 \text{ N}}$$

b)

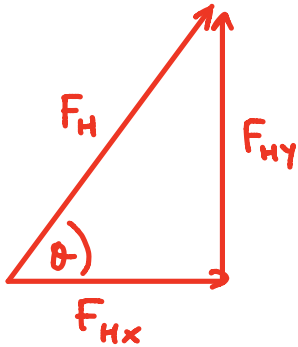
$$F_{NET} = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_x = 0$$

$$F_{Hx} = T = 480 \text{ N}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{Hy} &= F_{gB} + F_{gL} \\ &= (m_B + m_L)g \\ &= 588 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} F_H &= \sqrt{F_{Hx}^2 + F_{Hy}^2} \\ &= 759 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{F_{Hy}}{F_{Hx}}\right) \\ &= 50.8^\circ \end{aligned}$$

759 N 50.8° ABOVE THE HORIZONTAL